



History Assessment



Level	Sensory Level Descriptors
1(i)	1. Notice auditory stimuli e.g. startle to loud music (1) 2. Notice visual stimuli e.g. response to lights (1) 3. Notices tactile stimuli e.g. responding to touch (1) 4. Notice olfactory stimuli e.g. responding to smell 5. Notices vestibular e.g. movement such as rocking 6. Obvious reaction to close contact with familiar adult 7. Responds to obvious stimuli (3) 8. Distress reduced by physical contact 9. Distress calmed by calming voice 10. Reduces activity in response to touch or voice 11. Demonstrates a range of unintentional vocalisation when content 12. Demonstrates a range of unintentional vocalisation when distressed 13. Demonstrates a range of unintentional vocalisation when in pain 15. Demonstrates a range of unintentional vocalisation when it ried 16. Demonstrates a range of unintentional movements when content 17. Demonstrates a range of unintentional movements when distressed 18. Demonstrates a range of unintentional movements when in pain 19. Demonstrates a range of unintentional movements when in pain 20. Demonstrates a range of unintentional movements when in pain 20. Demonstrates a range of unintentional movements when in pain 20. Demonstrates a range of unintentional movements when it ried
1(ii)	1. Demonstrates brief memory for previously presented stimuli (4) 2. Fleeting/inconsistent responses to familiar voice/personal identifier (related to 5) 3. More consistent reaction to a close adult ( related to 2) 4. Intermittent awareness of stimulus in different positions (new) 5. Fleeting response to 3 different tactile stimuli ( related to 6) 6. Fleeting response to 3 different visual stimuli ( related to 6) 7. Fleeting response to 3 different olfactory stimuli ( related to 6) 8. Fleeting response to 3 different vestibular stimuli ( related to 6) 9. Fleeting response to 3 different auditory stimuli ( related to 6) 10. Inconsistent response when talked to. 11. Notices new, unfamiliar faces 12. Engage in mutual gaze with an adult in a variety of settings. 13. Show an awareness of object placed in hand/on body 14. Quietens at familiar voice or sound 15. Plays at making different vocal sounds alone or with others 'SPLIT' 16. Smile in response to adult smiling



	17. Brings attention back to adult with an auditory prompt
	18. Bring attention back to activity/object with a physical prompt
	19. Brings attention back to activity/object with an auditory prompt
	20. Bring attention back to adult with a physical prompt
	1. Responds to a range of stimuli (6) people, objects and events
	2. Responds to own name by a familiar person (8)
	3. Responds consistently to one stimulus (9)
	4. Supported 1:1 turn taking (7)
	5. Terminates an interaction with adult, without full intention e.g. low levels of concentration or distracted easily (13)
	6. Aided exploration of the environment (16)
	7. Briefly follow objects in vertical plane (10)
	8. Briefly follow objects in horizontal plane (10)
	9. Consistent response to a personal identifier
2(i)	10. Follows familiar adults across the room
_(.,	11. Responds to own name by unfamiliar person
	12. Anticipates a consistently repeatedly presented stimuli (14)
	13. Shows pleasure at physical interactions e.g. rocking, tickling
	14. Consistently anticipates repetitively presented response
	15. Terminate intention with intention
	16. Sustain gaze/interest in object for a few seconds
	17. Let go of one toy in response to being offered another
	18. Tolerates adult in parallel play
	19. To show some response to own reflection
	20. To hold an offered object from an adult for a short period of time.
	1. Responds differently to different stimulus (12) e.g. ball or instrument
	2. Anticipates within familiar social routines (17)
	3. Redirection to second object (18)
	4. Random activities cause effect (19)
	5. Looks briefly after disappearing object (20)
	6. Action on reactive environment (21)
2(ii)	7. Communicates more in inconsistent ways (22)
2(11)	8. Contingency responding (23) e.g. lots of redundant activity
	9. Contingency responding with objects e.g. mobiles
	10. Behaviour interpreted as rejection (11)
	11. Purposefully terminates interaction with adult
	12. Make a choice between two objects presented visually in close proximity
	13. Demonstrating consistent negative response to things they don't like (new)
	14. Demonstrating consistent positive response to things they do like.



	15. To return an object to an adult upon request with a physical and verbal prompt.  16. To attend to photos/pictures when used in daily routines (registers/timetable)  17. To anticipate what comes next in familiar song (action or verbally)  18. To engage with a peer who is in close proximity by reaching out or vocalising.  19. Repeating a behaviour which produces a response.  20. Uses eye contact to engage with another person in a 1:1.
3(i)	1. Objects to termination of an activity(15) 2. Objects to termination of a communication ( relate to 15 - new) 3. Purposeful action on everyday environment e.g. in close proximity, supported by staff (24) 4. Changes in behaviour in response to something nearby (25) 5. Intentional exploration of the environment e.g. growing awareness of immediate environment, more independent exploration of the environment. (27) 6. Looks forward and backwards between two objects (29) 7. Perseveres by repeating action for reward in social game (30) 8. Repeats action if first attempt in unsuccessful (31) 9. Attracts attention by reaching out or physical action(32) 10. Attracts attention vocally (extension of 32) 11. Object permanence ( 34) 12. Make a choice between two familiar objects using photographs(new) 13. To respond to an adult saying 'no' with intonation or gesture by pausing in what they are doing. 14. They request an activity by gesture, vocalisation or looking at the adult or object. 15. To attend to adult as they wave and say goodbye. 16. To respond to praise 17. They observe the results of their own actions. 18. They respond to the results of their own actions e.g. laughing or clapping. 19. To show excitement in anticipation of favourite activity/object. 20. To request a drink or snack with less support at appropriate times of the day
3(ii)	1. Develops own consistent way of requesting more of an activity (new - related to 28) 2. Communicate no more through a consistent actions (new - related to 28) 3. Contingency awareness (26) 4. Communicate choice to an attentive adult (37) 5. Deliberately gaining attention of another person to satisfy need (39) 6. Shared attention (40) 7. Expresses preference for items not present via symbolic means (41) 8. Early problem solving, tries a new strategy when old one fails (42) 9. Initiates actions to achieve desired results (43) 10. Initiates social game (33)



# Cherry Trees School Cherry Trees History Assessment Overview

11. Does two different action in sequence to get a reward (35)
12. Selects from more than two items (36)
13. Modifies action when repeating action does not work (38)
14. Used preferred mode of communication to say 'hello'.
15. To understand how a book works e.g. turn pages, turn the book the correct way round.
16. Consistently greet known people in preferred mode of communication
17. Consistently select correct symbol to represent main character in a book
18. To demonstrate understanding of 5 timetable symbols.
19. To independently explore an object in more complex ways, for a sustained period of time.
20. Begins to show an interest in actions of other peers.

Level	Curriculum Assessment Statements
	1. Shows an awareness of past activities in which they were involved
	2. Demonstrates preferences
	3. Gives familiar people a name
	4. Sometimes recognises themselves in photos
4	5. Collects objects that interest them
•	6. Says/gestures hello and goodbye
	7. Uses yes or no in word/sign appropriately
	8. Recognises everyday items from the past
	9. Looks at books randomly
	10. Watches staff point to pictures
	1. Tries to retell stories when looking at books/ sources/ videos/ newspaper articles
	2. Shows an awareness of routines such as lunch time and home time
	3. Finds a specific book
	4. Dictates a caption for a picture
5	5. Responds when personal experience is mentioned
3	6. Responds to objects from their past
	7. Relates events to own experience
	8. Matches pictures on TV or computer to household objects
	9. Matches objects to pictures on computer screen
	10. Responds to questions about their own past
	1. Relates sounds to events/objects/animals
	2. Talks about what they saw yesterday
6	3. Sequences events over a short term
	4. Comments on changes in their own lives
	5. Acts out action words



	6. Identifies old artefacts
	7. Makes predictions in familiar stories
	8. Answers simple questions
	9. Follows simple instructions
	10. Describes a simple sequence of actions
	1. Follows a sequence of a simple picture story
	2. Sequences 3 pictures of daily events
	3. Sequences a series of 3 pictures showing human life cycle
	4. Talks about present experience
7	5. Sorts objects by a given criteria i.e. old and new
•	6. Identifies a difference between an old and a new object
	7. Compares an old and new building
	8. Illustrates an historical event or celebration
	9. Makes statements or phrases in past tense
	10. Relates an experience to an event or story
	1. Shows an awareness that each day has a name
	2. Discusses what they did before and after lunch
	3. Identifies objects as being from the past or present
	4. Creates a story from pictures
	5. Names a character in a story
8	6. Describes some aspects of artefacts in simple terms
	7. Identifies some different types of homes
	8. Discusses information that can be found in photographs
	9. Acts out personal experiences in a role play
	10. Uses terms to describe past and present like now/then, today/yesterday, before/after
	With some support can name the period of history studied
	2. Takes part in role play to begin to show some understanding of historical events
	3. Can organise 3 events in their own life in sequence
	4. Names characters in a historical story
	5. Begins to use a historical vocabulary: before, after, long ago, very old, old, new
9	6. Answers questions about a historical story
	7. Begins to write simple sentences independently
	8. Retells details of a historical story
	9. Can name a famous historic event/place/person
	10. Can describe/identify one feature of an artefact
	. Uses vocabulary that shows a sense of chronology
	2. Recognises that things change over time
10	3. Identifies some external differences in homes of different ages
	4. Considers who lived in the different types of home
	4. Considers who lived in the different types of notife



	E Consider geneats of life in homes in the next
	5. Considers aspects of life in homes in the past
	6. Identifies some things from the past that have caused change in their own area
	7. Communicates knowledge pictorially
	8. Communicates knowledge orally
	9. Uses information from books
	10. Gives a reason for the differences between old and new everyday object
	1. Sequences 4 events from a historic story
	2. Begins to recall some information about a way of life
	3. Identifies a key war
	4. Identifies a past king or a queen
11	5. Identifies four famous historic events in British history
''	6. Is able to listen to the arguments of others
	7. Begins to form opinions about historical information
	8. Begins to back up their opinions using a relevant fact
	9. Begins to understand reasons for historical events happening
	10. Begins to use information from the internet to answer questions
	1. Sequences 6 incidents from a historic story
	2. Observes and organises objects in sequence, according to age
	3. Shows some knowledge of people studied
	4. Shows some knowledge of events studied
	5. Identifies some people from the past who are famous
12	6. Asks questions of an adult
	7. Combines information from two sources
	8. Extracts information from pictures
	9. Records answers to questions
	10. Understands historical words like recent, modern, eyewitness
	Realises that the past can be divided into different periods
	2. Uses terms to indicate periods
	3. Makes comparisons between sources
	4. Understands historical words like archaeologist, evidence, remains, excavate, invade
	5. Recognises the difference between opinion and fact
13	6. Questions the reasons for differences in reports on the same event
	7. Understands how archaeologists may contribute to knowledge
	8. Identifies similarities between modern and old objects
	9. Identifies differences between modern and old objects
	10. Draws information from census data



	1. Places events and people within a chronological framework
	2. Understands conventional dates like BC, AD, decade, century, ancient, modern
	3. Uses dates to show period of change and development
	4. Summarises information
1.4	5. Gives a reasoned description of a character
14	6. Understands the differences between primary and secondary sources
	7. Links past events with modern events
	8. Identifies reasons for specific points of view
	9. Links information in order to give a larger picture
	10. Recognises the impact of technological development
	1. Names and places significant historical periods in chronological order
	2. Describes changes and some causes in the periods studied
	3. Compares sources
	4. Accounts for different versions of past events
15	5. Uses examples to support view
15	6. Shows critical evaluation
	7. Reaches conclusions about the most important events
	8. Supports evaluation and conclusions with evidence
	9. Questions the usefulness of sources
	10. Describes people and their actions in the periods studied
	1. Pupils show they have some local historical knowledge
	2. Pupils show they have some national historical knowledge
	3. Pupils show they have some international historical knowledge
	4. Pupils begin to explain relationships between any causes of change within different periods
16	5. Pupils refine their own questions to investigate historical problems or issues
	6. Pupils produce detailed, structured work to answer historical questions
	7. Pupils use accurately and understand a range of historical terminology in their investigation
	8. Pupils select, organise and present relevant information in their investigation
	9. Pupils begin to analyse the nature and extent of diversity within and across different period
	1. Pupils show they have a wide local historical knowledge
	2. Pupils show they have a wide national historical knowledge
	3. Pupils show they have a wide international historical knowledge
	4. Pupils are able to link events, places, dates and key people together
17	5. Pupils are able to present information to the rest of the class
17	6. Pupils are able to independently extract information from source data to develop conclusions
	7. Pupils begin to explain how the significance of events, people and changes has varied according to different perspectives
	8. Pupils refine their own questions to investigate historical problems or issues
	9. Pupils critically evaluate sources to establish relevant evidence for their investigations
	10. Pupils use accurately and understand a wide range of historical terminology in their investigation



Pupils are able to gather primary and secondary source information to formalise conclusions nformation and evidence is referenced  Written text is structured in a clear fashion Excellent use of punctuation Excellent use of grammar Pupils produce detailed, well structured independent work to answer historical questions Pupils ask relevant questions about the past, to investigate issues critically and to make valid historical claims Pupils show they have an extensive national historical knowledge  Pupils analyse and explain a range of historical interpretations and different judgements about the past  Pupils critically evaluate sources to establish relevant evidence for their investigations	18